**Unit 1 Exam Review: complete your answers on a separate piece of paper!**

1. The Mayflower contract stated that **government derives its just powers from**?
2. The **first permanent English settlement** in America was called?
3. **English philosopher** who’s *social contract* stated that rulers have the authority to enforce law only for the public good?
4. The **pre-Revolutionary war** that led to increased taxes on the American colonies by the British government?
5. The Proclamation of the 1763 **stated**?
6. The Coercive Acts were passed by Great Britain **in response to what event**?
7. The first collective act of Colonists resistance came after the implementation of **new taxes** on the colonists by the British known as?
8. At the 2nd Continental Congress the **colonists agreed to take what actions**?
9. **The Pamphlet written by Thomas Paine** that stated independence would give American colonists the chance to create a better society?
10. The realization that the national government under the Articles of Confederation was too weak was triggered by **what rebellion**?
11. Under the Articles of Confederation, the national **government lacked what powers**?
12. **The compromise** that settled the issue of representation between small and large states?
13. The Constitution **established what principle** by creating three branches of government?
14. **Group who supported ratification** of the Constitution and drafted essays that argued the government would have limited powers?
15. Guarantee of individual freedoms from government interference **are listed in** \_\_\_\_which were added to the Constitution in 1791.
16. The **Preamble** of the Constitution **stated what six purposes** for establishing the government?
17. The **election of 1800** resulted in what **electoral change**?
18. The **purchase of territory from France in 1803**, which resulted in U.S. control of the Mississippi and Missouri Rivers?
19. The principle of judicial review was established by the Supreme Court under chief justice Marshall **in what decision**?
20. **Jeffersonian republicanism stated**?
21. **Due to this war**? The federalist party ceased to exist and Henry Clay’s American system became a driving economic agenda.
22. **The policy** that declared that Europeans should no longer consider building colonies in the Americas?
23. Jacksonian democracy **argued what?**
24. **The invention** which allowed cotton to be picked and processed rapidly, increasing profitability and the need for more slaves?
25. **His paper**, *The Liberator*, called for the immediate and uncompensated emancipation of slaves?
26. **The resolution** stated at the Seneca Falls Convention?
27. **The Supreme Court decision** that stated that being in a free territory did not make a slave free?
28. The Kansas-Nebraska Act said that the question of slavery in new territories **would be decided by**?
29. The term **“Trail of Tears”** refers to?
30. According to the **Kansas-Nebraska Act**, the **question of slavery** in the new territories would be **decided by?**
31. **Reform movements** inspired by the 2nd Great Awakening included?
32. The **market revolution** in America **was due to?**