**America and the Great War, 1914-1920**

**Lecture-Reading Notes 4 (p. 206-211)**

**IV. Waging Peace at Home**

1. **Battle over the League**
2. **The enmity between Henry Cabot Lodge and Wilson**

* Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, the chair of the Senate Foreign Committee, led the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They regarded Article Ten as eroding \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Lodge held public hearings on the treaty to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ opposition.
* When Lodge proposed reservations or amendments to the treaty, Wilson opened “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” on his opponents.
* In September 1919, Wilson set out across the country to win popular \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. **The treaty of Versailles**

* Progressive Republican senators, such as Robert LaFollete and Hiram Johnson, led the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They opposed participation in the League of Nations, which they saw as designed to perpetuate the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Wilson refused to compromise to win Senate approval of the treaty. On March 19, 1920, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. **Economic Readjustment and Social Conflict**
2. **The influenza epidemic**

* An influenza epidemic had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ among the massed armies.
* It now hit the United States, killing perhaps \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, far more than had died in combat.

1. **Rapid demobilization**

* The Wilson administration had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the wartime economy.
* The government canceled war contracts and dissolved the regulatory agencies.
* The army discharged 600,000 soldiers still in training camps; the navy brought AEF soldiers home from France. With no planning or assistance, troops were hustled back into civilian life.

1. **Increasing unemployment and spiraling inflation**

* As unemployment mounted, the removal of wartime price controls brought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* The cost of food, clothing, and other necessities \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ over prewar rates.
* The return of the soldiers caused \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and rents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. **Removing women from the workplace**

* Returning soldiers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Male trade unionists insisted that women \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* By 1920, women constituted a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the work force than they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. **Race relations**

* They had contributed to the fighting and home fronts. Now, housing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ interacted with racism in 1919 to produce race riots in twenty-six towns and cities, resulting in at least \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Racial conflict was part of a postwar battle between Americans hoping to preserve the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fostered by the war effort and those wanting to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. **Labor unrest**

* More than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ angry workers launched a wave of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ strikes in 1919.
* The abolition of government controls on industry enabled employers not only to raise prices but also to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and re-impose \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* In response, strikers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, better conditions, and recognition of unions and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. **The Red Scare**

* The strikes contributed to an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that swept the country in 1919.
* The Red Scare reflected fears that the Bolshevik revolution in Russia might \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* The Red scare reached \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by mid-1919. Bombs mailed anonymously to several prominent people on May Day seemed proof enough that a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ threatened America.
* Attorney General \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ created a new agency, headed by J. Edgar Hoover, to suppress radicals and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* In November 1919, Palmer and Hoover began raiding groups suspected of subversion. A month later, they deported \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, including the anarchist Emma Goldman, to Russia.
* In January 1920, Palmer and Hoover rounded up more than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ suspected radicals in thirty-three cities.
* But if the Red Scare faded in mid-1920, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and dissent it reflected endured.

1. **The Election of 1920**

* The Democratic coalition that Wilson had cobbled together on the issues of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ came apart after the war.
* Workers resented the administration’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Ethnic groups brutalized by the Americanization of the war years blamed Wilson \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or condemned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ grumbled about wartime price controls and postwar falling prices.
* Wartime taxes and the social and economic turmoil of 1919-1920 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* The Republican ticket in 1920 symbolized the reassurance of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Warren Harding was a genial, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
* Harding defeated Democratic nominee James Cox, former governor of Ohio, in a landslide. Harding received \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ popular votes to Cox’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Running for president \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , Socialist Eugene Debs polled nearly a million votes.