

The heat of the sun provides energy to make the water cycle work.



The sun evaporates water from the oceans into water vapor.

This invisible vapor rises into the atmosphere, where the air is colder.



The water vapor condenses into clouds.



Volcanoes emit steam, which forms clouds.



Air currents move clouds all around the



Water drops form in clouds, and the drops then fall to Earth as precipitation (rain and snow)



In cold climates, precipitation builds up as snow, ice, and glaciers.



Snow can melt and become runoff, which flows into rivers, the oceans, and into the ground.



Some ice evaporates directly into the air, skipping the melting phase (sublimation).

