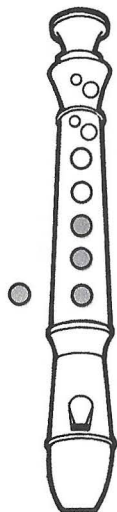


your third note...G



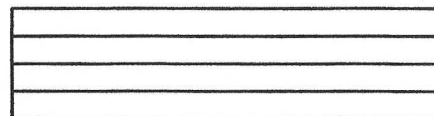
- Cover the thumb hole and the first three holes of the recorder as shown in the diagram.
- Be sure to curve your fingers and cover the tone holes firmly.
- Sit up straight, with your feet flat on the floor.
- Take a natural breath and hold.
- Softly play the new tone G and hold it.
- Play G several times and then play A and B.

it's fun to read music!

the staff

Notes are written on a staff— five lines and the four spaces between them. Each line and space has its own letter name. You can tell the name of a note by the name of the line or space it's on.

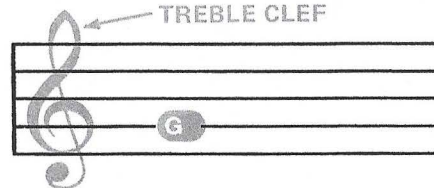
STAFF



the treble clef sign

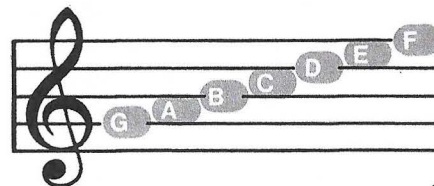
At the beginning of each staff is a "treble clef sign," also called a "G clef." This sign tells you that the second line of the staff is called "G".

TREBLE CLEF



the musical alphabet

Musical tones are named after the first seven letters of the alphabet: A, B, C, D, E, F, and G. After the note G you start over with A, B, and so on. So far you know three notes: G, A, and B. You'll learn more about the other notes as you learn to play them.



MUSICAL ALPHABET 7